Practice Drill:
Write triads step-by-step

Hint: The flats found in key signatures (in order) are: B | E A D | G C F
The triad with B as its root is _____ (quality).
The triads with E, A and D as their roots are ________.
The triads with G, C and F as their roots are ________.

1. Given the root, write the following triads without accidentals (quickly) and label the quality (M, m, d, A):

\[
\begin{array}{cccccccc}
F & A & D & B & G & C & E & B & F & D \\
F & A & C & E & A & D & B & C & G & A \\
\end{array}
\]

2. Given the root and quality, write the following triads:
(Hint: If you raise or lower all three notes of a triad, the quality does not change)

\[
\begin{array}{cccccccc}
E^\#M & G^bM & A^#m & C^bM & G^#M & B^#d & F^bM & A^bM & D^bM & GM \\
B^bM & Am & D^#M & E^bM & Bd & C^#M & F^#M & Em & B^#d & G^bM \\
\end{array}
\]

3. Given the root and quality, write the following major and minor triads:
(Hint: A triad that is naturally minor becomes major when the 3rd of the triad is raised.
A triad that is naturally major becomes minor when the 3rd of the triad is lowered.
Include in your thought process triads with all 3 members raised or all 3 lowered when there are two
accidentals in the triad--the "negative image.")

\[
\begin{array}{cccccccc}
AM & (m) & A^bM & (m) & Fm & DM & C^#m & EM & A^bM & D^bM & F^#M & G^#M \\
Fm & Cm & E^bM & DM & G^#M & F^#M & A^bM & EM & Gm & D^bM \\
\end{array}
\]
4. Given the root and quality, write the following diminished and augmented triads:

(Hint: A major triad has a M3 on bottom and m3 on top. If you make the bottom 3rd smaller (m3), the triad becomes diminished. If you make the top 3rd larger (M3) the triad becomes augmented.)

**Do not change the size of the remaining 3rd.** If the middle note is altered, the remaining note of the 3rd that is *not* being altered must be raised or lowered in the same manner in order to retain the correct 3rd quality. For example, you want to write a diminished triad on C. C E G is major. To make the bottom 3rd smaller without changing the given root (C), you must flat the middle note (E). Because you flatted the middle note, that changes the size of the top 3rd. You must flat the G, also, in order not to change the size of the top 3rd. As you already know, if you merely lower the 3rd of a major triad, it becomes minor--not diminished.

\[ \text{C E G is major.} \quad \text{C Eb G}^b \text{ is diminished.} \]

By studying the charts below, you should be able to determine the quality of any triad. Always consider what the accidentals do to the size of the 3rd.

**Triad quality:** M m A d

- **Natural 3rds with B E A D as lower note are minor.**
- **Natural 3rds with G C F as lower note are major.**

5. Write the following triads built on B, B$^\#$ and B$^b$:

(Hint: B-D-F is the only natural triad that is diminished. It has two minor 3rds.

B$^b$-D-F$^\#$ is the *only* triad with both a flat and sharp in it. What is its quality? _____)

B$^\#d$ B$^b$m Bm B$^b$M B$^b$A B$^bd$ BA B$^bm$ BM Bd

6. Now put it all together and write the following triads given the root and quality:

(Hint: Redo #1-5 repeatedly until the exercises make sense and become *easy* before doing this exercise.)

\[ \text{} \]

\[ \text{d m m A M d d M d M} \]

\[ \text{m m M m A d A A A m} \]